

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

FOREIGN NEWS BY THE CABLE.

The Grand Review of the French Army.
sentences by Versailles Court Martial.

A Terrible Colliery Riot in Silesia.

Kuklux Trial at Oxford, Mississippi.

Miscellaneous and Washington News.

HOME NEWS.

Oil Discovery at Erie.

Kuklux Trial at Oxford, Miss.—Railroad Disaster, &c.

ERIE, Pa., June 29.—Heavy lubricating oil was struck while boring for gas at a depth of four hundred and fifty-three feet. Great excitement prevails.

MEMPHIS, June 29.—Twenty-eight figures in the Kuklux trial at Oxford, Mississippi, on a charge of hanging a negro while in disguise. The best legal talent in the State, some half a dozen on a side, is employed. Wives are allowed to testify on behalf of their husbands.

PROVIDENCE, June 29.—A broken axle wrecked a dozen freight cars on the Boston road.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Lieut. McKee, who was killed in the Corea fight, belonged to Louisville.

The California Republicans have nominated Newton Booth for Governor. The platform demands the abrogation of the Chinese treaty and the prohibition of Chinese emigration, and endorses the Administration.

TOPEKA, KANSAS, June 29.—A man and a woman were to-day sentenced to death for killing the woman's husband. The man is twenty-two and the woman forty years of age. The tragedy was followed by four years of adultery. The woman was often urged by her young paramour to kill her husband, but took no active hand in the murder.

NEW YORK, June 29.—Osgood, owner of the yacht Cambria, protests against awarding the prize to Madeline. He claims to have beaten her one minute over the time allowed.

NEW ORLEANS, June 29.—The resolution authorizing a construction for the protection of the levee along the lake shore has been vetoed by the Mayor. The veto was sustained. This is a \$3,000,000 job. The Mayor contends that a better protection of the city from overflow can be made for \$100,000.

Gov. Warmouth is convalescent at Pass Christian, Mississippi. Lieut. Gov. Dunn finding the executive department closed, had it opened, and transacted business.

Shreveport dispatches report the steamer Red Cloud, with 900 bales of cotton, burned to the waters edge at Montgomery Landing.

HARTFORD, June 29.—The Legislature appropriated a half million dollars for the new State house.

CONCORD, June 29.—The Democrats elected a railroad commissioner by a vote of 168 to 162.

LOUISVILLE, June 29.—Samuel Reed, Supreme Chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of the world, departed for St. Louis to-day to organize a Grand Lodge for Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, June 29.—Miss J. F. Ripley took the first prize in Greek scholarship at the State University in Columbia. The award was tumultuously applauded.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—A mad dog county is quiet. The work proceeding under the protection of military proprietors. The miners are determined never to employ leaguers.

Capt. Geo. G. Porter, formerly port warden and one of the oldest citizens, is dead.

WASHINGTON.

Extension of Patent.

The New Departure Opposed in Iowa.
WASHINGTON, June 29.—The Maine Republicans have nominated Sidney Perham for Governor.

Daniel Pratt's patent for cotton gin has been extended seven years from July 14th. It is reported that the Iowa Democrats opposed to the New Departure have called a new convention for August 10th.

Mrs. Pedigree King at the White House to-day failed to see the President, but was informed that she would get an answer from the Attorney General to-morrow. Other circumstances make it certain that the action of the Cabinet is unfavorable to the pardon of Bowen.

There is excitement in Iowa over the statement that the Pacific and Rock Island railroad land grants are defective.

There was a four hours' Cabinet session to-day. The Boutwell and Pleasant matter was not touched. The Cabinet was full except Delano and Fish.

The following appointments were made to-day: W. Wilkinson, Collector of Customs, Pearl River, Miss.; vice Ross, Customs, Pensacola; Wm. T. Haines, Commissioner of Customs, vice Sarzent.

The Maine Republican resolutions have no cause for consigning the past, with its eventful memories to oblivion; no desire to forget the lessons of patriotism and loyalty its teachings revealed; favor the tariff to promote the interests of all sections; reaffirm faith in prohibition, and endorse the administration.

W. H. Whitaker, from Meridian, Mississippi, swore he did not believe of the existence of kuklux in Mississippi, and that the riots of last year were the results of bad teachings; there were bad men in both parties who wanted strife; at present such a footing was very slight. In speaking of the character of the outrages, the Republican school teacher, named Price, mentioned a case wherein a white, nearly whipped to death Adam Kenwood, deputy sheriff, colored, who was also a Republican.

Judge Cardozo has denied both motions for a writ of error and stay of proceedings in the case of Wm. Foster, the murderer of Avery D. Putnam. Judge Stuart does not yet cease his efforts, but will employ the eighteen days yet left for an effort to obtain from some other Judge a stay till at least the propriety of Judge Cardozo's denial can be passed on.

FOREIGN.

THE VERSAILLES COURT MARTIAL.

Branch in the Republican Party—MacMahon Avoids Politics.

VERSAILLES, June 29.—The court martial sentences to death Cremieux, Erenoux, Martenot, Hastory, Breton, Casput, and Bariche. Five of the accused were acquitted.

PARIS, June 29.—The Republicans are unable to agree upon a combined ticket. There are 140 candidates in the Department of the Seine.

MacMahon declines the Assembly candidature.

The sister of Delescluze has been liberated.

LONDON, June 29.—The Emperor Napoleon has been re-elected a member of the Army and Navy Club.

A boiler explosion, at Kingsgrove, killed six and hurt nine.

Mottlet has escaped from Paris to Belgium.

The Ragusa has reached Queenstown.

FLORENCE, July 29.—The Senate has ratified the treaty of commerce with the United States, and passed bills providing for the public safety and the unification of the public debt.

LONDON, July 29.—A grand review is progressing at Long Champs. One hundred thousand troops are in position. The Tribune is elaborately decorated and occupied by Thiers, members of the Government and members of the Assembly. MacMahon commands. The grounds are thronged. The scene is exceedingly brilliant.

BERLIN, June 29.—There are terrible colliery riots in Silesia. The office of the superintendent of the prisons and mines has been destroyed, and the Jewish residents plundered. The Uhlans cleared the streets, killing seven, wounding thirty and capturing sixty. Martial law has been proclaimed at the scene of the riot at Kougnitz Hensch.

From Sullivan County.

ARCADIA, TENN., June 24, 1871.

To the Editors of the Chronicle: Yesterday a large crowd of East-Tennesseans and Southwestern Virginians witnessed the closing exercises of Reedy Creek Academy, and of that large assembly we are fully justified in saying that not one was disappointed. Although this Academy has been in successful operation for sixteen years, and for several years that under the tutelage of teachers whose reputation was not merely neighborhood, yet the present school, all are ready to agree, has shown a more decided improvement than any ever taught there before. Most of the young men attending this session were of limited means. They came here because boarding was cheap, and because the teacher is, to a great extent, a self-made man, and the best teacher in the South, and of course they did not come to while away their time—they have studied. The crowd was highly entertained. Good speaking—dialogues of the sensible and of the witty provoking character, but not enough to weary, interspersed with now and then a select piece of vocal music, happily rendered, inimitable instrumental music by the Arcadian string band, and all rounded off by a regular old style basket dinner.

The speeches were all exceedingly well delivered, and we do not wish to be considered invidious, but Wm. H. Foust, a young man of scarce seventeen summers, was so truly eloquent and showed so much of the genuine orator, that we cannot help giving him particular notice. His manner was graceful, his delivery unexceptionable, and his composition very selected. At night, we attended a concert given by the young ladies of the Blountville Masonic Female Institute, and with the exception of being just literally crammed into rather a small room already filled to overflowing, all was very pleasant. The dialogues were of fair selection and pretty well performed; the tableaux were beautiful and elegantly arranged; the music, both vocal and instrumental, was of the highest type of perfection.

The most of the week was taken up examining the different classes of Blountville Institute, but I was informed by those that heard the examination, that every pupil evinced thoroughness of preparation in an eminent degree.

A report read by the Secretary of the Board of Trustees showed the institution on better foundation, and with better prospects of success, than at any time since the war. They also endorsed the present teacher in the fullest extent.

A heavy rain cloud, whose northern border just skirted the upper and eastern portions of Knoxville, discharged, as it went over the town on yesterday evening, a heavy bolt of fury at two old sturdy locusts, sadly disfiguring their heretofore much admired symmetry. At about 10 p. m., and on the same day the locusts were struck, at the upper end of town, and just as the crowd that had been attending the concert was leaving the Institute, lightning struck a small tree in the yard of the Methodist parsonage, right close by where persons were passing constantly, but fortunately no one was seriously hurt at either time.

When I left Blountville, this evening, the engineering corps upon the Cumberland Gap Branch of the A. M. & C. R. R. had just reached a point a few hundred yards north of the town. They are trying the route according to promise, and, if the most suitable, will recommend it. Chief Engineer Fisher, in Major Fink's absence, is a very industrious and very honest man, too, we believe. He is trying all the routes, and the most acceptable with regard to distance and grade will be recommended, without regard to enemies or friends.

A case of burglary was reported in town this morning as having happened at Union last night. Norvell & Snapp's store was broken into and robbed of a considerable amount of ready-made clothing, boots and shoes, and a small quantity of change that happened to be left in the drawer.

To-night it is raining finely with a fair promise of plenty. Farmers were beginning to thirst—they needed it very bad. The thermometer has been higher here already than it was at any time last season.

The principal amusement of the citizens of Calhoun, Georgia, is that of tying twine to the tails of the village dogs. The dogs are so well trained that wherever one of them sees an oyster can in the street he backs up and waits for some one to tie it on.

Monroe County Matters.

The examination at the Bolivar Female Academy, in Madisonville, came off in quite a creditable style, on the 23d and 24th inst. Prof. R. H. Ramsey has had charge of this school for the last five years, and has made it quite a success.

The graduates were Misses Pauline Barrett, Jessie Hicks, Mollie Eakin, Anna Pettit and Lizzie Houston, who acquitted themselves with much eloquence as well as thought and learning. Prof. Ramsey has resigned his place as principal of the school.

G. M. Hicks, Esq., of Madisonville, died about two weeks since, after a protracted illness.

There is an abundance of talking being done about the construction of a narrow gauge railroad from Sweetwater to Tellico Plains, in this county, and it is hoped that such a thing shall soon be effected.

There was a man by the name of Thos. Weir shot by some one in ambush and killed near Tellico Plains on Monday, the 24th inst. The assassin is not known, and no arrests have been made. One after another is rapidly rushed from our midst from life unto death at the hand of cruel bushwhacking assassins.

Oh, when shall such shocking, soul-piercing murderous deeds cease, and an end put to these bloody and brutal scenes?

Masonic Festivities.

MAYNARDVILLE, TENN.,

June 24th, 1871.

Editors Knoxville Chronicle: To-day has been a day of festivity in the town of Maynardville, the countless hosts of the county of Union having come forth to witness the laying of the cornerstone of the Masonic Hall and Baptist Church by the Masonic fraternity. The stone was laid by Mr. Ben. Peck, of Rutledge, with the usual ceremonies pertaining thereto, after which the procession was formed by J. W. Branson, the Marshal, and proceeded to a fine grove of timber some distance above the village, where the newly elected officers of Turley Lodge were installed by the Acting Grand Master.

The following is a list of the officers elected for the ensuing year: John F. Hudleston, Jr., W. M.; W. O. Acuff, S. W.; John Shipe, J. W.; N. A. Ailon, Secretary; M. F. Barchart, Treasurer; B. Baker, R. D.; John M. Jenkins, J. D.; P. Miller, Steward and Tyler.

After the installation ceremonies an oration was delivered by W. L. Ledgerwood, who was followed in a few remarks by Rev. Mr. Peck, after which refreshments were served to the immense congregation, consisting of about two thousand people, all of whom fared sumptuously—thanks to the Messrs. Hudlestons and other gentleman and ladies of the town and country.

The affair was entirely a success, and the spectators retired in the evening apparently highly pleased with the entertainment given by the Fraternity.

Yours, &c.,

W. L. L.

East Tennessee Notes.

A heavy rain and wind storm passed over Sweetwater Valley on Monday evening. Oats and corn in some localities were blown to the ground.

The fourth of July is to be celebrated in a good old-fashioned style at the Rhea Sulphur Springs. An oration, dinner, supper, ball, balloon ascension and fireworks.

The Sweetwater Enterprise says that Thomas Weir, a citizen of Monroe county, was found bushwhacked in the mountains near Tellico Iron Works on Sabbath last. Rumor says that Weir and a man named Williams had a difficulty a few days before, and suspicion rests on Williams.

The Kingston East Tennessean states that a little son of Mr. Jeff. Miller, of Roane county, aged eight years, was kicked by a horse on Monday last. In addition to the thigh bone being broken and shattered, the little fellow received several severe wounds about the head.

The Masonic fraternity of Kingston celebrated the anniversary of St. John the Baptist last Saturday, by speeches and a public dinner, concluding with a ball at night.

The Greeneville New Era states that Leander Holloway, who was sentenced to the penitentiary by the Circuit Court at that place some time ago, had buried one hundred and sixty dollars in gold in the 16th civil district of Greene county, which he left to his lawyers. The difficulty is, Holloway can't tell exactly where it is, and the lawyers are not sanguine of getting their fee after all.

Subscribe for the CHRONICLE.

The conclusion of the Lanahan trial is briefly this: He has been convicted by the Book Committee of "official misconduct" on the following specifications:

1. Disregard and contempt of the authority of the Book Committee and of the agent of the Book Concern. 2. Causing to be copied large portions of the books of account of the concern, and carrying the same copies away from the establishment. 3. Causing extracts from said copies and pretended results of examination thereof by accountants to be printed secretly, without the knowledge of the agent or conference with him. 4. He has threatened further legal proceedings if his demands are not complied with.

And the committee recommend that Dr. Lanahan be removed from his position as assistant agent of the Book Concern. In this finding of fact and judgment of law, the committee fails to secure the approval of the majority of the bishops. The whole proceedings, therefore, go for naught as far as Dr. Lanahan is concerned. He retains his office, and is therefore, probably, in position to compel through the courts the production of the books and vouchers of the concern, an order for which was lately refused him on the ground that his official connection with that institution had terminated.

Among the Democratic papers in Ohio who protest against the new departure are enumerated the following: The Cincinnati Enquirer, Columbus Crisis, Wooster Democrat, Celina Standard, Bucyrus Forum, Urbana Union, Circleville Democrat, Madison County Democrat, Warren Centralist, Greenville Democrat, Fremont Messenger, Marion Mirror, Ashland Union, Lancaster Eagle, Clermont Sun, Defiance Democrat and Napoleon North-west.

MIDNIGHT ATTEMPT TO MURDER A WHOLE FAMILY IN INDIANA.

Torpedoes and Benzine Thrown into the Windows of the House.

Lawrence county, Indiana, was, on Saturday night, the scene of a most diabolical outrage, committed by some parties as yet unknown, in which an attempt was made to murder a whole family and burn the building in which the assassins hoped to confine their victims.

A dispatch to the New Albany Ledger of yesterday says: "Sunday morning, between one and two o'clock, the house of the Moody family, two miles north of this place, and near the dividing line between Orange and Lawrence counties, consisting of four old bachelor brothers, Mrs. Tolliver, a widowed sister of the Moody's, and a hired man named Lee, was entered and a most desperate attempt made to murder the entire family and burn the house."

"The party of assassins commenced the attack by throwing three jugs of benzine into the rooms occupied by the family, together with a large quantity of nails, screws and other missiles of like character. These were thrown through the windows into the house, setting fire to the beds and other articles of furniture. When the torpedoes exploded they threw their contents in every direction in the rooms. The explosions aroused the sleeping family, when the assaulting party commenced an indiscriminate firing with their revolvers into the windows and doors.

As a matter of course, the sudden alarm in being thus awakened, from their sleep created confusion and consternation in the household. Mr. Thomas Moody made a rush for the door, attempted to escape, when he received a ball from one of the revolvers in the hip, the ball passing upward and entirely through the body, coming out at the upper portion of the breast. Another ball passed through the thigh of Mr. Dee, who was also endeavoring to flee from the assassins, causing a very severe and painful wound, but not necessarily fatal. He will probably recover. Mrs. Tolliver was most terribly burned, by the benzine and torpedoes. There is no possible chance, it is believed, for the recovery of Mr. Moody, as the wound is a most fearful one, and from which he is suffering terribly.

"Finding the family fully aroused, the assassins effected their escape, and those of the Moody's who were able to do so set themselves to work to extinguish the flames, which, after considerable difficulty, was accomplished. One of the Moody's, during the attack, made his escape and gave the alarm in the neighborhood and a number of citizens turned out, and at once repaired to the scene.

"No clew as yet has been obtained to the perpetrators of this diabolical outrage, nor has any cause been assigned for the attack. It is evident that the assassins were determined upon the death of the whole party, and that all traces of the crime should be wiped out by burning the bodies of the dead. Great indignation is manifested at this exhibition of mob spirit; many of the best citizens are not unwilling that summary punishment should be dealt to the perpetrators. It is hoped that they may be ferreted out and such punishment as the law contemplates be visited upon them, and that the good people may not add to the wrongs of society by taking the law into their own hands."

A dispatch dated at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon says: "Thomas Moody is still alive, but all hopes of his recovery have been abandoned. Since the dispatch of yesterday another wound has been discovered in Mr. Lee's back, which renders his recovery extremely doubtful.

Detectives having the subject in charge are busily engaged in working up the affair, with fair prospects of the detection and arrest of the guilty parties. It is understood that Mr. Moody's statement of the affair has been reduced to writing, under the belief that he can not survive, and that he recognized several of the men of the assassins.

"The greatest excitement prevails, and a determination expressed that such a deed of violence shall not go unpunished. Ten thousand dollars have been raised to prosecute the guilty parties, and a greater sum than this, if necessary, could be collected for this purpose.

"The entire community is terribly excited and almost wild, to get the assassins in their possession. It is believed that the counsel of the more prudent will prevail, but this is not certain, as threats of lynching are repeated on almost every hand."

The London Bonapartist journal Situation has the goodness to address the following warning to Germany:

"The column of the Place Vendome no longer exists! It shall be restored, that is all; for we will respect it five days and nights, and let Germany not rejoice too much at what has happened; for, in order to raise the column again, we shall need the bronze of an enemy, and even in the pangs of death we cling to the hope of retaking it from those who have taken it from us."

With regard to the demolition of the column, we can confidently say that the prevalent feeling in Germany is profound indifference. If the French choose to destroy the public monuments, they have reason with so much labor and expense, and cast to-day on a dung-heap the idol they yesterday adored, it is solely their own business. As to the menaces addressed to Germany by the Situation, they appear to us as ill-timed, as ridiculous as a moment when the very national existence of France is jeopardized in a sanguinary intestine struggle, the effects of which will be felt throughout the country for many a year to come.—North German Cor.

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OVERLAND TRADE FROM CHINA.

Atlantic cities are now generally making the experiment of importing China goods via the Pacific railroad. The manifest of the steamer China at San Francisco, the 16th instant, showed 6,770 packages tea, of which 1,072 were for Chicago, 182 for Boston, 44 for Baltimore, 33 for New Bedford, and for New York 189 of teas and 235 of silks; for Liverpool, 70 packages of silks, leaving for San Francisco 4,800 of teas, 49 cases nutmegs, and 20 packages cinnamon. Upon this list the San Francisco Bulletin remarks: "It will be seen that cities not before on the list of direct importers have made the experiment, and also, that pieces and silks will follow in the wake of teas to be imported and distributed by San Francisco. The China's freight list of teas would have been much larger, but it was at the close of the season, and the new crops were just coming into market."

An "oracle" at New Orleans, discouraging the wonders of the Mississippi, mentioned the golden trumpet given him by Queen Victoria. "What is it?" exclaimed the "not Queen Victoria?" "Yes